Impact of 'smart' meters on foliage

After a meter was installed just a few months earlier, the foliage is drying out and dying back. In a year the plant was dead. This image is from a Vimeo at about 7:30 min. into "Lecture #2, Radio Frequencies, Microwaves and 5G," of the EMF Medical Conference 2021. In this Vimeo, a professional detector device makes audible for us how frequent and intense the spikes of radio-frequencies are, that the meters send out throughout every day and every night.



FLAMMABILITY

"Overview: Fire and Electrical Hazards from 'Smart', Wireless, PLC, and Digital Utility Meters", by Neena Biety; p. 34 https://smartmeterharm.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/fire-and-electrical-hazards-report.pdf. (Note: color, bold, italic are added.)

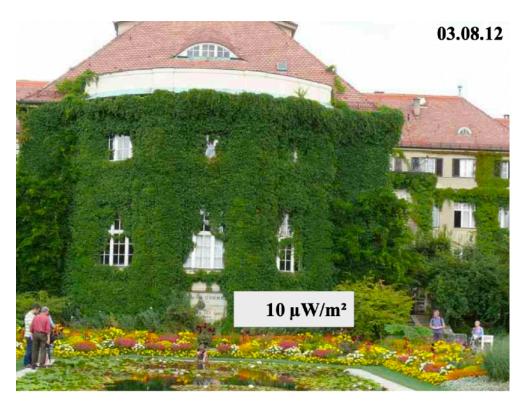
"Increasing terpene production in surrounding trees due to stress"

"Studies have shown significant stress, injury, and death to trees from RF exposure due to cell towers and radar, and the public has reported rapid negative health changes to trees following Smart Meter roll-outs. This occurred in Monterey. Trees produce terpenes – volatile oils that are aerosols -- under normal conditions. When trees are stressed or injured, they emit *more* terpenes. Increased volatile oils due to wireless radiation exposure would create a more flammable environment for fire."

Impacts of wireless radiation on TREES: See the images in Dr. Cornelia Waldmann-Selsam's report,

"Tree Damages in the Vicinity of Mobile Phone Base Stations," https://www.fcc.gov/ecfs/document/102200773116598/5.
Also: https://kompetenzinitiative.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/2017 Observation Guide ENG FINAL RED.pdf.

And see her interview in the recent documentary, *The Digital Dilemma*.



Virginia Creeper vines thrive in both sun and shade, but not in zones of wireless radiation.

Photos by Dr. Cornelia Waldmann-Selsam, **June 3, 2012**

 $\mu W/m^2 = microwatts \ of \\ RF \ radio-frequency \ radiation \ per \ meter \ squared$

At 4980 µW/m² of radiation in Bamberg, Germany (right photo), the vines are severely stunted and begin autumn coloring and die-off early.

